

ALTERNATIVE ASSESSMENT IN TIMES OF CRISIS

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Training Outcomes

At the end of the session participants are able to:



IDENTIFY suitable
alternative assessments
for their students



PLAN lessons with
alternative assessment in
view of students in times
of crisis



OUTLINE OF TRAINING

Alternative Assessment in times of crisis – live training

Introduction



To give an overview of the training/sharing session

Designing Delivery for learning



engagement

The need to focus on understanding learners and learners' engagement in learning

Designing lessons for

Alternative Assessment



Understanding what alternative assessment is.

Issues and Challenges



Unpacking barriers to designing alternative assessment

Planning for successful



alternative assessment

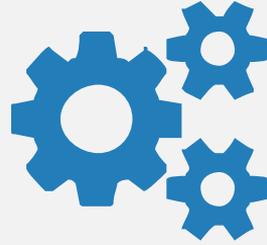
Using constructive alignment as basis participants can attempt to plan for alternative assessment.

Q & A



This is a wrap-up session for participants to ask questions (if time & technology permits)

Flexible education demands educators to be able to adapt to the changes and challenges that they face when delivering and assessing for students' learning. In times of emergency, for example like the COVID-19 pandemic crisis, choosing alternative assessment in place of traditional face-to-face examination becomes inevitable.



DESIGNING DELIVERY FOR LEARNING ENGAGEMENT

Make learning meaningful and fun



DELIVERY FOR LEARNING ENGAGEMENT

Student centered learning is still pertinent in whatever learning setting – conventional, Open distance learning, remote learning etc.



PRESAGE

Understanding learners' background, level of understanding, prior knowledge



PROCESS

Based on the learning outcomes - ensuring student centered activities – task that is meaningful to their contexts, challenging students' mind, providing support in diverse ways



PRODUCT

Measured by the outcome met – assessment aligned to learning outcomes that also stimulates and support student active engagement in learning



Who Are Our Students?

How are they?



Psychological well being

Are our students *under control* (Feeling of ability to handle the situations)? Have we reassured them that we are here to guide them through until they complete the semester?

Are the instructors under control? Is there help available when you need them?



Phone access

Can they be contacted? If not, what other ways?



Global Access

Are our students at home in Malaysia or abroad? Are we able to reach them?



Calendar

Do we have sufficient time to deliver, for our diverse students to prepare assignment and for us to mark?



Prior knowledge

What prior knowledge have been covered? Do we need to go over them or continue?



Internet Services

Do they have access to internet?



Do we have a shared space

LMS or other alternatives



Reality check-
Redesigning lessons in
times of crisis can be
daunting for some?



How can I help my
students to achieve
the learning
outcomes?



Access to computer

Do the students have access to computers/laptops to complete their tasks and assignments given



Access to Mobile

Can the students at least gain access to smart phones for the use of social media if internet is a problem.

Do they have a phone that can be contacted immediately



Internet

Strength of the internet will determine the extent of online activities that can be used



Other ways

Can they be contacted via post or other means if online is not an option

DESIGNING LEARNING FOR VARIOUS LEARNERS

NO ONE SIZE FITS ALL

ACCESS TO COMPUTER

**GOOD
TO HAVE**

Could do assignment

Spelling checkers

Can use features in software for better presentation

ACCESS TO MOBILE DATA

**MOST
COMMON**

Cities/towns and rural

Module based

Can do asynchronous activities (given online; to do offline; submit online)

Synchronous – just in time teaching (not more than 30 minutes)

STRONG INTERNET

**MOST
ADVANTAGED**

**Mostly in cities/towns/
rural with landline**

**Can follow weekly
schedule in SOW**

Synchronous is possible (like this)

Can use online tools for delivery and online assessment

NO ACCESS

**MOST
DISADVANTAGED**

Very remote

Back to basic

Module based

Printed materials with tasks/ pen-drive sent

Possible written

Postage delivery

Process & Product

The basic foundation is Constructive Alignment

Learning Outcomes

What are the learning outcomes involved?
What are the topics that are related to the learning outcomes?
How many hours are spent on the learning outcomes per week? How many weeks that need to be redesigned in view of crisis?

01

02

Learning Activities

Students engage in activities that require them to activate the learning outcomes
Given FORMATIVE assessment
Evidence to ensure assurance of learning (can be observed or collected)

03

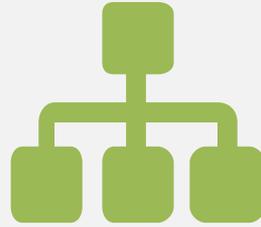
04

Study the topics and learning outcomes

Create activities that activate the verbs in the learning outcomes

Summative Assessment

This is what counts - measures students' performance. The assignment/task will be added to the overall score (100%). It can be given/spread throughout the semester.



DESIGNING LESSONS FOR ALTERNATIVE ASSESSMENT

Ensuring assurance of learning and achieving learning outcomes

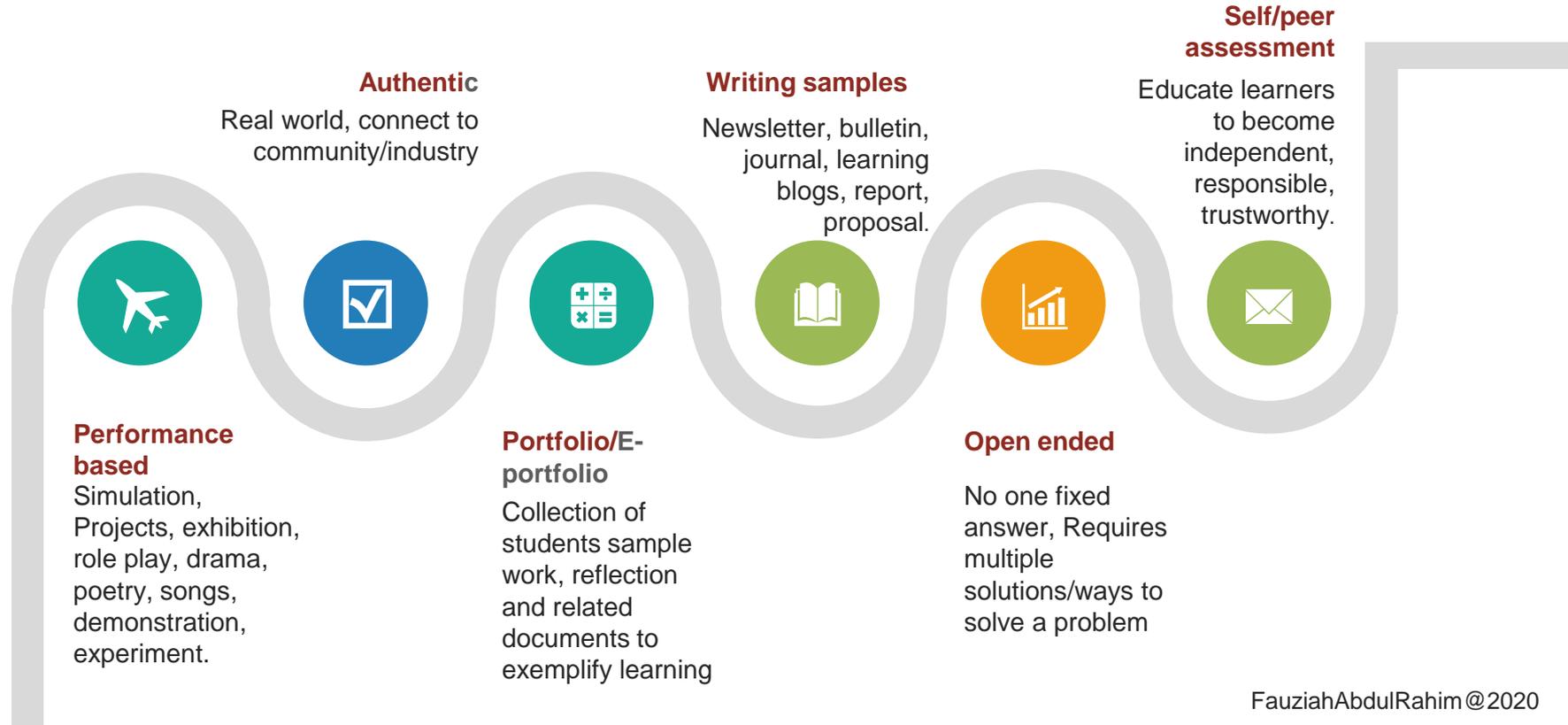


MY SUGGESTION:

Divide your lesson in modular form based on your remaining Course learning Outcomes

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOPICS	TOOLS & CREATIVE ACTIVITIES (Example of online delivery - if students are from category 1,2 & 3)
CLO1 (explain C2) (communication)	1, 2	Kahoot, nearpod, Quizzes, mentimeter, Poll everywhere, Quiz via moodle – you ask or develop questions and students have a go at answering. Then from the statistics you would know which part needs attention – prepare for synchronous delivery if you need to (via Zoom, webex,) – JUST IN TIME
CLO2 (analyse) (critical thinking and problem solving)	3 4 5 6	Social science: Given a movie (search the ones in the youtube) ask students to analyse, Numeracy: Given a chart and details or case of world COVID-19 pandemic statistics, ask students to study the case and analyse
CLO3 (design) (leadership)	7 8 9 etc	Given a project they need to design. Show their ability to justify their action and show how they can plan and execute the project until its success completion.(E.g: education – interactive online lesson, design – ergonomic chairs at home; engineering – based on what they observe in news design prototype that will benefit mankind in times of crisis)

Elements of Alternative Assessment



KEY ELEMENTS TO CONSIDER

WHEN DOING ASSESSMENT ESPECIALLY ALTERNATIVE ASSESSMENT



FAIRNESS, RELIABLE AND VALID

Considering the least advantaged context, coverage of topics and learning outcomes, measuring what is intended



REAL WORLD

Relates to real world problem – the closer and authentic, the better.
Connect theory into practice.
Connect knowledge into context



CREATIVE SOLUTIONS

There are many ways to solve problems – very suitable for alternative assessment if you just want ONE way solution
conventional assessment is more suitable



FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT

By giving formative assessment you are helping students to see their own improvement
Immediate feedback is essential



RUBRIC

If using rubric, need to make sure all criteria related to learning outcomes and task are considered and included



COLLABORATIVE LEARNING

When soft skills other than knowledge like teamwork and leadership as well as ethics can be measured, students learn from each other - mirror workplace situation

Take Great Steps When doing Alternative Assessment

One Step at a Time

01



Identify the learning outcomes

Look at your syllabus and scheme of work. Take note of the learning outcomes including the soft skills (learning domain/clusters).

02



Think of interesting alternative ways to assess

Be creative and never forget the learning outcomes.

03



Think of the most disadvantaged

Making sure in all fairness that the assessment consideration is done to cater to the most disadvantaged situation.

06



Reliability and Validity

Issues on inter rater reliability – norming sessions
During the development of the assessment and upon getting students' assignments.

05



Begin with the end in mind

Deciding on the appropriate measuring tool based on the nature of the assessment.
{Marking scheme/answer key for tests; rubric (analytical/holistic), checklist – alternative assessment}

04



Think of the instruction

This is the important bit. Coming up with a clear stimulus and stem (instruction) that has the element of authenticity for students to think (knowledge) and also to relate to their contexts (soft skill).



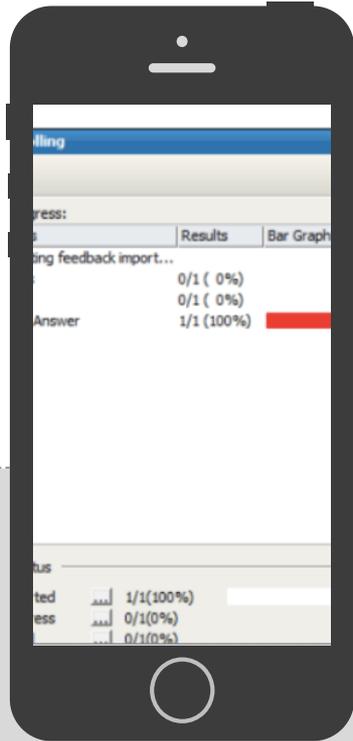


ISSUES AND CHALLENGES

The only thing that is constant is change



Let's POLL



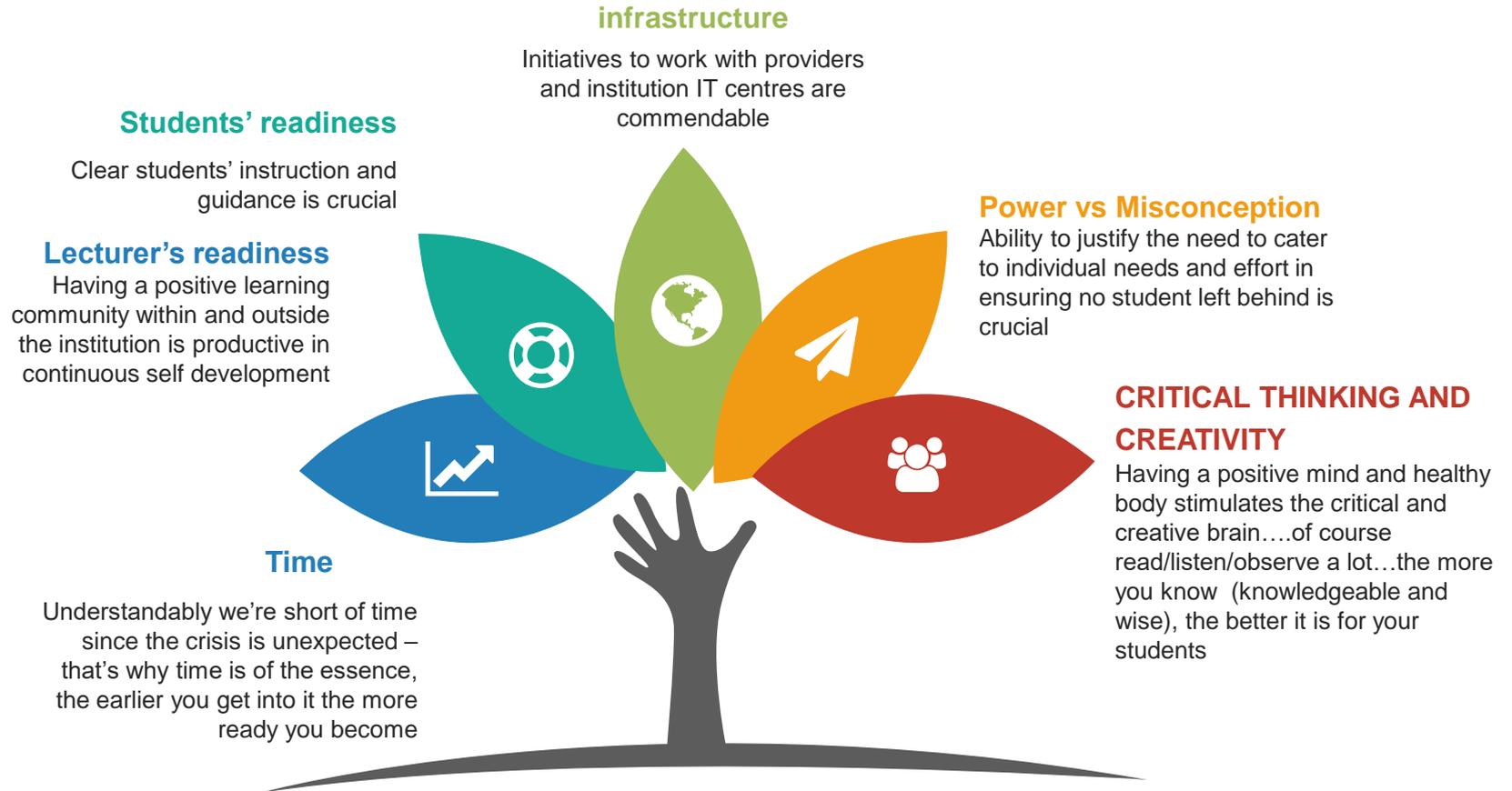
WHAT WOULD BE THE MAIN BARRIER?

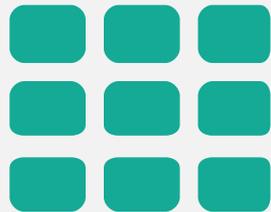
- TIME
- READINESS
- INFRASTRUCTURE
- LACK OF CREATIVITY AND CRITICAL THINKING
- OTHERS: PLEASE SPECIFY



Analyses

What would be the barriers?





PLANNING FOR SUCCESSFUL ALTERNATIVE ASSESSMENT

LET'S TRY TO PLAN



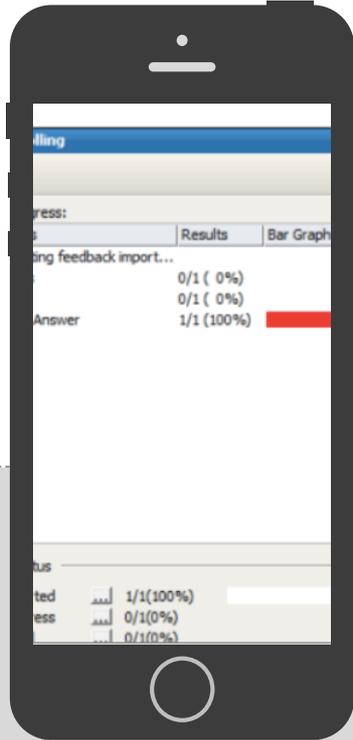
CLOs & SOFT SKILLS	LEARNING ACTIVATION	FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT (FA) (Not counted)	SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT (SA) (Counted – 100%)	WEIGHTAGE (based on SLT – time spent on the CLO as planned in original SOW) No of hours spent on CLO <hr/> Total hours spent for teaching X100	MEASURING TOOL (measures students' ability to achieve- the verb in CLO, soft skill related and criteria in task)
CLO1 (soft skills/cluster)	Activating the verb with appropriate student activities	Providing feedback for improvement – peer/self (reflection)/instructor	W% (W = 10%)	5 hours <hr/> 42 hours X100	Answer Key if Quiz
CLO 2 (soft skills/cluster)			X% (X = 20%)	9 hours <hr/> 42 hours X100	Checklist if observable and procedural skills are needed
CLO 3 (soft skills/cluster)			Y% (Y = 30%)	12 hours <hr/> 42 hours X100	Rubric (Based on level of CLO, softskills and criteria set in task)
CLO 4 (soft skills/cluster)			Z% (Z = 40%)	16 hours <hr/> 42 hours X100	Rubric (as above)
TOTAL			W +X + Y + Z = 100%		

	Course learning Outcome	Topics covered	SLT covered for topic		Delivery (online)	Assessment
FA	solve problems using major concepts like mediation, the notion of expert and novice, the concept of internalisation and zone of proximal of development and connect them to learning within the perspective of SCT in various contexts. (C3, A5) (social responsibility, social communication)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Intro to socio-cultural theory Vygotsky's works 	9 hours (of 42 hours)	Individual (mind map) Group To use google doc To prepare analysis and report	Provide reading materials. With guided questions for online discussion: Sample questions: 1. What are the distinct differences between the concept of 'scaffolding' and 'mediation' as gathered from your reading? 2. How would you illustrate the concept of novice vs expert based on your personal experience?	Lecturer's feedback Peer assessment Rubric (ability to solve problem) (Groups to exchange their analysis and report with other group)
					Collaborative learning →	Ask students to watch parts of movie entitled 'Dead Poet's Society' and ask them to identify the various concepts related to socio-cultural theory. Then solve the case given: <i>Why did the teacher decided to change his teaching method? What was the problem? How does his action help the students? Solve this in view of socio cultural theory. You can do this in group of three. Upon completing you can exchange with other groups to get feedback. Use the rubric given to provide your feedback.</i>
SA			20 hours (watching, analysing, discussing, writing report)	Group To use google doc when analysing and	Given the whole movie 'Hitchki" students in groups of three analyse the movie by using concepts on socio-cultural theory. <i>Elect a leader, you are to divide the sections of the movie for each member to analyse on how the teacher helped transform her students. For each of the section you need to solve and explain using concepts for socio-cultural theory the methods that the teacher used to change her students and provide your view how effective the method is and whether it is applicable in the Malaysian setting.</i>	Rubric CLO1 20%

Let's POLL

Which is NOT an alternative assessment for measuring the ability to ***explain***?

- a. Essay – open ended questions
- b. Mind Map/concept map
- c. Project/problem based
- d. Case study
- e. Portfolio



ACTIVITY: CASE STUDY

IF THESE ARE YOUR STUDENTS IN A CLASS OF 30

ACCESS TO COMPUTER

28/30

Could do assignment

Spelling checkers

Can use features in software for better presentation

ACCESS TO MOBILE DATA

18/30

Cities/towns and rural

Module based

Can do asynchronous activities (given online; to do offline; submit online)

Synchronous – just in time teaching (not more than 30 minutes)

STRONG INTERNET

10/30

Mostly in cities/towns/ rural with landline

Can follow weekly schedule in SOW

Synchronous is possible (like this)

Can use online tools for delivery and online assessment

NO ACCESS

2/30

Very remote

Back to basic

Module based

Printed materials with tasks/ pen-drive sent

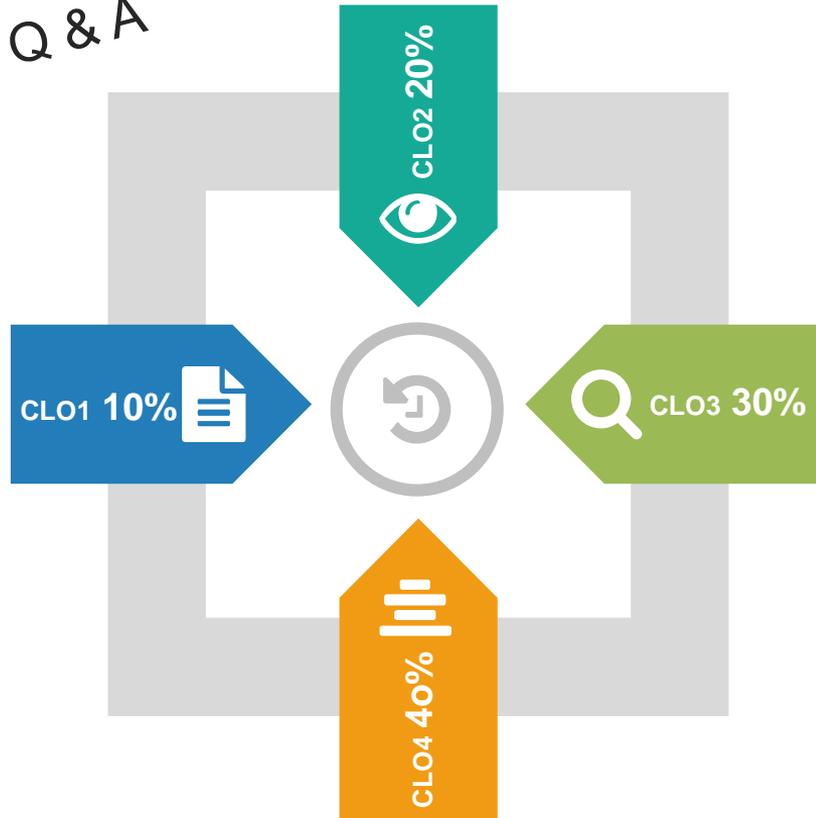
Possible written

Postage delivery

Suggest how you would plan for Alternative Assessment in X course

SCENARIO: students are not to return for the whole semester

Q & A



01 To explain - Quiz
This was done just before the announcement of MCO when students were still on campus

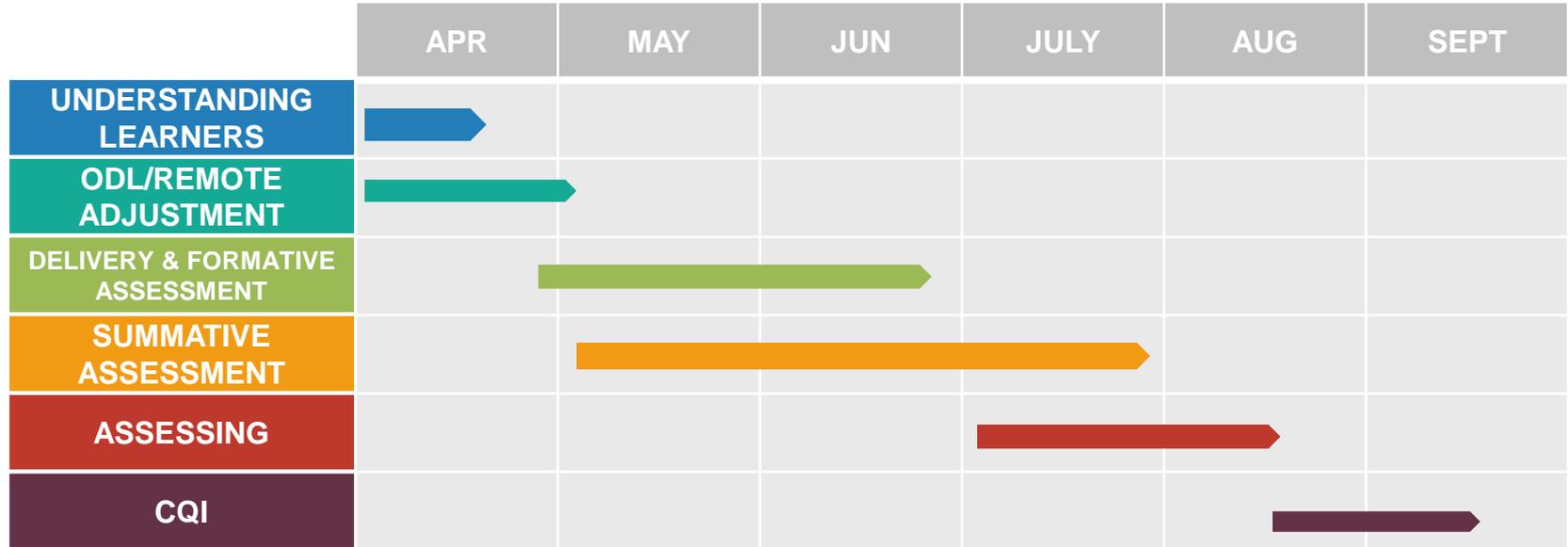
02 To apply

03 To analyse

04 To design

CAN THIS BE DONE?

If you fail to plan, you are planning to fail - Benjamin Franklin



 Gathering information

 Adjustment period

 Full scale momentum

 Students' preparation

 Marking

 Continuous Quality Improvement

We can do this

If we think we CAN

Keep Calm and Carry on Educating

#stay safe at home



Communication

Remain connected with your students



Global Access

It does not matter where they are – we can help them to learn



Calendar

We cannot rely on the previous scheme of work which was designed for F2F – more time is needed when designing and executing learning and assessment in times of crisis



Be creative

In life there are many solutions to one problem – flexible education craves for diverse solutions. As long as students meet the course learning outcomes – you're bound to do it right.



THANK YOU !

FI AMANILLAH

